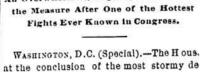
Heroic Defense of an American Garrison Attacked by Filipinos.

TEN OUT OF THIRTY SURVIVED.

Besieged in a Church on the Island of Samar-Killed Over Two Hundred of bate of the present session of Congress cue Effected by an Officer and Eight Men-Filipinos Becoming Aggressive.

Manila (By Cable) .- The American garrison of Catubig, Island of Samar, consisting of thirty men belonging to the Forty-third Regiment, has been attacked by third Regiment, has been attacked by the Americans were rebels. Twenty of the Americans were



Enemy - Refused to Surrender - Res- passed the Nicaraguan Canal bill by the overwhelming vote of 225 to 35. Much excitement reigned throughout the day, and several times bitter words werused. The excitement reached a clima:

in a highly dramatic scene between Mr

killed. The remainder were rescued.

The Americans were quartered in the Catubig Church, which the enemy, numbering several hundred men, surrounded and attacked flercely. The Americans fought sleeplessly for two days and then

THE NICABAGUA CANAL.

(A typical scene along the proposed route of the great waterway.)

ates such sum as may be necessary to en-able the President of the United States to

nequire from Costa Rica and Nicaragua control of territory now belonging to those countries, on which to construct a canal of

a depth and capacity sufficient for ships of the greatest tonnage and draft now in use.

from a point near Greytown on the Carib-bean Sea, via Lake Nicaragua, to Brito on

the Pacific.

Section 2 provides that when said terri-

tory is acquired, the President shall direct

the Secretary of War to contruct said

canal, with necessary harbors and termi

nals, and to employ such civil engineers as

may be necessary.
Other sections provide that in the construction of the canal, the San Juan River and Lake Nicaragua shall be used as far as

available: that the President shall guar-antee to Costa Rica and Nicaragua the use of the canal and harbors for their vessels

and citizens upon such terms as may be

agreed to; appropriates \$10,000,000 to be-gin the work, and authorizes the Secretary

War to contract for materials and work

SIX VILLAGES DESTROYED.

Northern Michigan.

MARINETTE, Wis. (Special) .- Six villages

in northern Michigan, just across the State

line, have been wiped out by forest fires.

Those destroyed are: Ames, Nathan, Tabor,

Gardner, Swanzee and Arnold-all on the Wisconsin and Michigan Railroad. The

inhabitants were all saved, special trains

The fires were reported to be the flercest

north of Fisher, Mich. Scores of lumber camps have been destroyed and the losses

to the lumber industries will be heavy. It

addition, thousands of acres of valuable

timber tracts have been fire-swept, entail-

Nebraska Republicans Meet.

The Republican State Convention of

Nebraska met at Lincoln and nominated a

State ticket headed by Charles H. Dietirch,

of Hastings, for Governor. The conven-tion chose as delegates-at-large to the Na-tional Convention Edward Rosewater, United States Senator John M. Thurston,

John H. McClay, and John A. Ehrhardt. The platform adopted praised the enact-ment of the gold standard, declared for

expansion and favored an increase in the

Three Democratic State Conventions.

The Democratic State Convention of New

Hampshire met at Concord and selected

delegates-at-large to the National Conven-

tion at Kansas City. The delegates were instructed to vote for W. J. Bryan. The

Democratic State Convention of Virginia met at Norfolk and selected delegates to the National Convention and the candicacy

for President of W. J. Bryan was indorsed

The Democrats of Michigan in State Con

vention selected delegates to the Nationa

Convention and instructed them to vote

for W. J. Bryan. These State Conventions adopted resolutions reaffirming the Chicago Platform of 1896, and declaring

The Political Campaign.

William Jennings Bryan spoke at Colum-

Former Governor Stone, of Missouri, said

e regarded New York, Illinois, Ohio and

A movement has begun in Alabama to

boom General Wheeler for the Democratic Vice-Presidential nomination.

The People's party of Illinois has adopted

resolutions indorsing Mr. Bryan and in-

Mr. McKinley expects to spend the sum

mer in Canton, but does not intend to mak

Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff, of New

York, has secured pledges from the Dis

structing its delegates for him.

speeches or receive delegations.

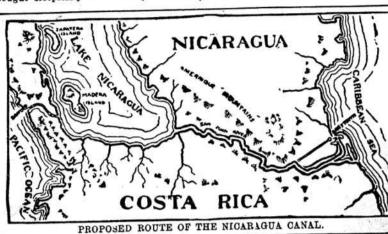
against imperialism.

Indiana as debatable.

bus. Ohio.

being run to their aid.

ing great loss.



the rebels managed to ignite the roof of mit was lost, 52 to 171, and the bill ther mit was lost, 52 to 171, and the bill then passed.

Those who voted nay were Acheson (Rep., Penn.), Adams (Rep., Penn.), Burton (Rep., Penn.), Cannon (Rep., Ill.), Capron (Rep., R. I.), Clark (Dem., Mo.), Cooney (Dem., Mo.), Cowlerd (Dem., Mo.), Cox (Dem., Tenn.), Dalzell (Rep., Penn.), De Armond (Dem., Mo.), Denny (Dem., Md.), Dougherty (Dem., Mo.), Fleming (Dem., Ga.), Fletcher (Rep., Minn.), Gaston (Dem., Penn.), 'Gliett (Rep., Mass.), Graham (Rep., Penn.), Hitt (Rep., Ill.), King (Dem., Utah), Lawrence (Rep., Mass.), Lester (Dem., Ga.), Levy (Dem., N. Y.), Littauer (Rep., M. Y.), Littlefield (Rep., Me.), McCall (Rep., Mass.), Neville (Pop., Neb.), Rhea (Dem., Ky.), Rucker (Dem., Mo.), Shafroth (Sil., Col.), Sprague the rebels managed to ignite the roof of the church and it burned away and finally fell on those inside the edifice. The walls remained intact, however, and were used as a shelter by the besieged Americans for three days longer, the enemy attacking the building on all sides at ouce. The Americans continued firing from the windows and doors of the church and did great execution among the Filipinos. It is

windows and doors of the church and the great execution among the Filipinos. It is estimated that more than two hundred of the latter were killed. Many dead bodles were removed from the scene of the fight-After five days' resistance by the Ameri-

After five days' resistance by the Americans a lieutenant and eight men arrived from Inoan and engaged the besiegers, who thereupon retired.

The fortunate arrival of the reinforcements prevented the annihilation of the American force in the church, which had the lived received by to surrender when or

American force in the chuter, which declined repeatedly to surrender when ordered to do so by the Filipinos.

The ten survivors were without food, had little ammunition and were physically exhausted when relieved.

The fight has encouraged the Filipinos, who are acting in an aggressive manner and threatening that section of the coast, particularly the town of Catarma, whence the garrison will probably be withdrawn to

AGUINALDO REPORTED DEAD. The Belief is Growing That the Igorottis Killed Him.

Manila (By Cable).—The bellet is growing that Aguinaldo was killed by the Igorottis. There is no proof that he has been alive since Major Peyton C. Marsh, of the Thirty-third Regiment, abundoned the chase after the Filipino leader in the Benguet Mountains, and an insurgent officer who recently surrendered to General Young says that the insurgent General Tinio holds

this belief.

Major March's information was that there were only half a dozen soldiers with Aguinaido when he fied beyond the Bontoc wilderness, where the savages are hostile to all strangers. Friends of Aguinaido's wife assert that she has heard nothing from him since they parted. She is nearly protestrated with worry. prostrated with worry.

## BUFFALO STRIKE SETTLED.

Differences Between the New York Central and Employes Adjusted.

BUFFALO, N. Y. (Special) .- An amicable adjustment of existing differences between the members of the Car Repairers' Association employes of the New York Central and Superintendent Waltt, of the motive power department, who represented the company, was concluded after a confer-ence lasting several hours.

The Central made unexpected concessions to the men, granting their wage scale except for these amendments: Carpenters, twenty-one cents an hour, or one cent an hour less than the demand; machinists, wenty-two cents an hour, or one cent less than the demand; inspectors, \$62.50 a month, or \$2.50 less than the demand. This means a considerable increase in the wages of all the original strikers.

for the construction and protection of the canal, the whole to be paid for from time The strikers voted to accept the terms made by Superintendent Waitt, but decided to time, not to exceed in the aggregate th sum of \$140,000,000. not to return to work until the same schedule is adopted by the other roads. The new schedule will increase the payroli The new schedule will increase the payroli in the one Central shop here \$50,000 a year. Terrible Results of Forest Fires in

## For Five Holland Boats.

The United States Senate Committee on Naval Affairs decided to recommend the amendment of the Naval Appropriation bill so as to authorize the purchase of five submarine torpedo boats of the Holland

## Camphor Goes Up; Supply Short.

Owing to the recent assumption of the control of the camphor trade of the island of Formosa by the Japanese Government and that Government's action in fixing a sale rate, the price of camphor has

Hall and Rain Damage Ten Crops. Reports received at Calcutta from the tea districts in India show the prospects are generally unfavorable. Hall and rain

storms lave done much damage to the

Scheme to Fool Americans. . The old scheme of fooling Americans by tending them to believe they are heirs to English Chancery estates is again in opera-

# Four Killed at a Crossing.

A wagon containing five persons was struck by an express train at Orangeville, ust outside of Baltimore, Md., with the result that four were killed and one badly njured. The party in the wagon consisted of Alex Slaysman, his three children and Henry L. Kline. Kline and the three children were killed. The party was returning from a fishing trip. turning from a fishing trip.

Rear-Admiral Watson Homeward Bound The flagship Baltimore, with Admiral Watson aboard, homeward bound, sailed from Yokohama for Kobe, Japan.

Change of Venue in Kentucky. Judge Cantrill, at Frankfort, Ky., overruled a motion for ball in the cases of Henry E. Youtsey, Caleb Powers, Harlan Whittaker, "Tallow Dick" Comb and John Davis, under arrest on charge of complic-ity in the murder of William Goebel, and granted the change of venue to Ceorgetown, Scott County, where the cases will be tried by a jury of Scott County citizens.

## Captain Chadwick Reprimanded.

The Navy Department at Washington has publicly reprimanded Captain Chadwick for his attack on Rear-Admiral Schley, which is said to have been an "inMANY DEAD IN UTAH MINE

The Vote in the House Was 225 Fo to 35 Against. Blasting Powder Explodes, Causing Great Loss of Life and Property. An Overwhelming Majority Recorded For

SCOKES OF BODIES RECOVERED.

The Disaster at Schofield, Utah-Pathetic Scenes at the Mouth of the Mine as the Dead Were Taken Out-Difficult Task of the Rescuers-The Wounded Taken to Salt Lake City.

SALT LARE CITY, Utah (Special) .- A terrific explosion occurred in the winter quarters of the Pleasant Valley Company's coal mine at Schofield, on the Ric Grande Western Railway, near Colton Utah, by which over two hundred people were killed and many injured. Scores of bodies have been taken from the debris The explosion is attributed to the blowing up of a number of kegs of blasting powder.

The disaster appears to have been one o those accidents that are occasional to the most carefully regulated mines, and in spite of the best endeavors of the most competent superintendents. The State Mine Inspector is without the data to place the blame.

The scene before the mouths of the tune of the tun

The scene before the mouths of the tunnels is pitiful, as usual in mining disasters, the weeping women and children waiting to see each man brought out of the mine on a stretcher. A special train conveyed the seriously wounded from Schofield to Salt Lake City.

Workers on the outside at 10.15 o'clock a. m. saw the entire top of the moutair over the tunnel lifted and heard a loud report. Great masses of stone and tall trees

over the times like and tall trees were burled hundreds of feet in the air and fell in every direction, some of them half a mile from the mines. For many minutes debris fell, and then came complete stillness.
While it was known that an awful catas-

trophe had occurred, the scope of the dis-aster was not at first appreciated. All the damage seemed to have been done in tunnel No. 4, but a hasty investigation showed that No. 1, which adjoins and connects with it, had also been destroyed. Telegrams were sent in every direction

for help, and responses were prompt. Within an hour after the explosion a bundred men were swarming into the wreck age, and more followed. Their fight was against terrific odds, for the blast had let loose volumes of gas, which choked the rescuers and frequently compelled them to desist from their efforts. Gradually, how-ever, the air cleared away and the task became easier.

Most of the miners were Utah men with

most of the miners were Utan men with families. One man named Filson and his four sons were in the mine at the time of the explosion. The three sons were killed outright and the father and other son fa-

Among the known dead are Roger Davis Jack Wilson, S. T. Evans, Pete Crockett. John Anderson, James Wilson, Will Wil-stead, Andrew Haddow and son. tally injured.

STRIKES IN BUILDING TRADES. A General Movement Throughout the Country For Less Hours.

NEW YORK CITY (Special) .- Nearly nineteen thousand men went on strike in various parts of the country. Most of the strikers demanded an eight-hour day without a decrease in ray. Some even demanded the shorter day with increased pay. Others asked for more wages only. The building trades were most affected. Carpenters, plumbers, bricklayers and woodworkers were demanding the short work day with either the same or larger

By.

However, railroad section men, trainmen, tinsmiths, granite cutters and polishers and other trades joined the May day move-

ment.
In Philadelphia a concerted movement was being made by all the building trades. The carpenters throughout the country were demanding eight hours work and a higher wage scale. In many instances the employers granted the demands.

(Rep., Mass.), Stewart (Rep., Wis.), Talbert (Dem., S. C.), Thayer (Dem., Mass.), Vandiver (Dem., Mo.)—35.

The canal bill as passed is divided into four sections, the first of which appropriupon to queli a riot in the Big Four yards. Twenty non-union iron-workers, repairing a bridge, were attacked by sixty members of the Structural Ironworkers' Union. Clubs, stones and pieces of iron were used by the combatants, and several of the par-ticipants received bad cuts and bruises. The police arrested the leaders.

> GOVERNOR ALLEN INAUGURATED. First American Civil Governor of Porto Rico Takes the Oath of Office.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (By Cable) .- The inauguration of Charles Herbert Allen, former Assistant Secretary of the Navy, as first American Civil Governor of Porto Rico, was most impressive and was attended with many pleasing incidents. The en-thusiasm of the people was greater than expected.

Governor Allen took the onth of office at 10.30 a. m., under a flag canopy at the Ex-ecutive Mansion.

The speech of General Davis, the retiring Governor-General, was full of feeling and expressed only the best wishes for the and expressed only the best wishes for the continued good conduct of the island. Governor Allen's reply was equally felicitous, although remarkably temperate. He addressed the attending crowds as "Fellow citizens of Porto Rico." This happy introduction won instant approval. At the conclusion of Governor Allen's speech Fort San Cristobal thundered forth a salute of seventeen guns.

ECUMENICAL CONFERENCE ENDS. Former President Harrison's Farewell Address Advocated Christian Unity.

New York City (Special) .- Just such a crowd as attended the opening exercises of the Ecumencial Conference came to take part in the closing ceremonies. Former President Benjamin Harrison presided over the main meeting in Carnegle Hall and made a farewell address in which he strongly advocated Christian unity. Conference figures and estimates by the

management show boards and societies represented, 115; countries represented, 48; delegates, 1500; miestonaries, 600; num-ber of meetings, 75; estimated attendance, 50.000. The conference cost \$42,000, which cov ered rent of ball, printing and hotel of such delegates as were not privately

ntertained. This money was obtained by ndividual donations, nearly all in smal Killed Girl He Loved and Himself. Bert Underhill fatally shot Miss Anna

Davis, the seventeen-year-old daughter of D. M. Davis, at Watseka, Ill., pointing his pistol through the kitchen window. Under-hill then killed himself. He worked on the Davis farm, and it is thought be and Miss Davis, to whom he was engaged, had quarreled. Fire Sweeps Laurel Forge, Penn.

The little town of Laurel Forge, Cumber land County, Penn., was almost wiped out of existence by fire. Fourteen dwellings, of existence by fire. Fourteen dwellings, two barns and two large icehouses were destroyed. Forest fires in the vicinity caused the configuration. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, partially insured.

Boer-British War Notes. The Boers in Natal have already com-menced a guerilla warfare. Boer women disguised as men have been

found among the prisoners captured by the A Portuguese transport, with 800 troops Lisbon, has arrived at Lorenzo

Marques. The Irish Brigade was paraded before President Kruger, at Pretoria, and he made a speech to the men.

Emperor William of Germany, has a staff officer to the staff of the Board are every other. war every An official of the British exchequer estiates that the Boer war is costing Eng. land \$760 a minute, night and day.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items. The President has issued a proclamation extending for six months from April 11 the time allowed Spanish subjects in the Philippines to designate their allegiance in accordance with the Treaty of Paris.

The receipts of the Government for the month of April were \$45,039,326, an increase of \$3,427,739 over the same month last year, customs showing an increase of \$1,119,793 and internal revenue \$1,393,192. United States Treasurer Roberts mailed 37,722 checks aggregating \$2,126,915,representing the interest due on May 1, 1900, on registered bonds of the five, four and three per cent. loans.

The House Committee on Labor has re-ported a favorable report on the Gardner Eight Hour bill.

The Agricultural Appropriation bill, carrying with it a little over \$3,000,000, was passed by the Senate.

The Senate has adopted the conference report on the Hawailan Government bill.

Our Adopted Islands. Major-General Otis, Governor-General of the Philippines, has issued orders restrict-ing Chinese immigration and making changes in the Criminal Code.

Many English and Americans from the Samoan islands surrendered to the Ger-mans are flocking to the American island from Apia. They will soon build a thriv-ing town on Pago-Pago.

General Adna R. Chaffee has requested to be relieved as chief of staff to Governor-General Wood of Cuba. The revenue gunboat Baracoa has cap-tured a British sloop off Batabano en-gaged in the sponge fishery. The vessel is now in charge of the customs authori-

ties at Havana. General Lloyd Wheaton reports that Senor Paterno, the former President of the Filipino Cabinet, has been captured in the mountains near Trinidad, province of Benguot.

Perfecto Lacoste, Mayor of Hav accepted the Secretaryship in Governo-General Wood's Cabinet, made vacant by the resignation of General Rivera.

Plague, consumption and smallpox are reducing the population of Maniia, P. J.

Rebel bands in Luzon, P. I., has had about 300 of their members killed in the ecent fighting in that island.

Domestic. Paul Nuici, a laborer, was precipitated with tons of masonry into a hidden shaft in the wall of the Bryant Park reservoir, New York City, now being demolished.

Mrs. Margaret Frost was taken to jail at York, Neb., charged with complicity in the poisoning of her husband, Charles W. Frost. She has a son nine years old.

Kiowa and Comanche Indians on reservation in Oklahoma are in dire need of food. They are appealing to the Eastern States to help them before all tribes die of starvation. starvation.

Samuel C. Seeley, who, while a trusted emiloys of the National Shoe and Leather Bank in New York City, embezzled \$350,000, and was sent to the Kings County Penitentiary in 1895, to serve eight years, was released, having obtained the full commutation for good behavior.

Major-General Brooke was ordered to assume command of the Department of the East, General Merritt being relieved at his own request. William Moran, nineteen years old, of

Bicomfield, N. J., was taken to the Mountainside Hospital suffering from what is termed "dry pleurisy," due to excessive cigarette smoking. Dr. C. C. Todd, formerly of Kentucky, a brother-in-law of President Abraham Lincoln, died in Barnwell, S. C.

Desk Sergeant Timothy S. O'Connell of the Woodlawn Police Station was shot and instantly killed on the Eighteenth Street Viaduct in Chicago. The shooting is a

The State of Kansas will enter proceedings in the United States Supreme Court against the State of Arkansas to prevent the diversion of the Arkansas River from its natural channel by irrigating com-Mildred Preston, an astrologist, has been

arrested on a charge of fraudulently se-caring \$800 from Miss Ethel Quimby, a young society woman of Grand Rapids, fich. William Bolyard, of New Upper San-Ohio, whose

killed the woman and fatally shot himself. Eastern Nebraska suffered from a severe hall storm. Much damage was done throughout Richardson County, where two inches of hall fell.

Governor D. H. Johnson was renominated by the Chicashaw, Indian Convention at Tishomingo, I. T. Burglars cracked the Bank of Coulterowned by J. S. A. Nisbett, and

stole \$5000. Ptomaine poisoning, caused from eating canned ment, caused the death of Frank and Albert Vrok, small children, at Chi-

Prairie fires in Kittson County, Minn., destroyed between thirty and forty small frame houses near Beatton. One man was The Government engineers have discon-

tinued work in Sabine Pass, Texas. They say the Government appropriation is ex-

Fire at Harrisville, R. I., left fourteen families homeless and burned in all four-teen buildings. The loss is \$25,000; insur-

Foreign.

Senor Dupuy de Lome, former Spanish Minister to the United States, has been appointed Ambassador to Italy.

Forty members of the Mafia have been arrested at Palmero, Sicily. A great sensa-tion has been caused in Sicily by the arrests, and it is expected that others will The Transvaal Government has, it is re-

ported, decided to expel all foreigners of whatever nationality. Six hundred Germans are about to leave Bacs, Hungary, for Germany, and a large German emigration is expected, on account

of race nostility. Six hundred cattle and sheep, afflicted with the foot-and-mouth disease, reached

Liverpool from South America. The district of Huelon, in southwestern Spain, was swept by a tornado. Several lives were lost and much property de-

stroyed. A "Jack the Ripper" has slain and mu-tilated two young women in North Germany.

Germany has found last year the most prosperous in her history, and her surplus over the estimates will be about \$15,000,-000.

The Boer Peace Commissioners have planned their visit to the United States so that they will arrive in Philadelphia du-ring the Republican National Convention. Munkacsy, the celebrated painter, died in an insune asylum at Bonn, Germany. He was buried in Budapest, Hungary. According to the most recent reports received in Berlin from the Cameroous the revolt in the Hinterland is almost subdued.

Emperor William of Germany, King Humbert of Italy and the Shah of Persia will witness a great naval parade in the Solent in July. There is keen disappointment in London over the meagre results of General French's operations against the Boers in Everett, of Richmond, may die,

the Orange Free State. The German, British, French, Austrian and Italian Embassies in Turkey have asked their Governments for instructions regarding claims against Turkey.

eiving relief.

The fishermen of the west coast of Van-couver Island are petitioning the Dominion Government again for the establishment of a patrol to protect British Columbia halibut banks from American peaching schooners have been expelled from Northern Schlesschooners. The Legislature of Trinidad has definite wig, Prussia. ly rejected the offer of free trade made by The elgarmakers' strike in Montreal has

The cholera is raging fearfully at the great camp at Godra, India, where thousands of famine-stricken natives are receiving relief ers is in progress on the Pioneer planta-tion at La Hainn, Hawaii. The German Government has forbidden the North German Lloyd Steamship Com-pany to land meat or farm produce at Ger-man, Balgian, or Dutch ports.

The latest authentic estimates of the Boer forces place them at 30,900. miners have returned to work.

WORK AMONG HEATHEN.

The Experiences of Missionaries Told at the Ecumenical Conference.

IMPORTANCE OF YOUNG PEOPLE.

The Ecumenical Conference in New York City an Unqualified Success-An Appeal to the Youth of the Church-Their Importance in Mission Work-The Gospel in Foreign Lands.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).-The sessions of the Ecumenical Conference were re-

in this generation, and strove to show that this task is not impossible, in view of what the churches of Christendom have already accomplished.

accomplished.

The mass meeting for men, held Sunday afternoon in Carnegle Hall, was a great and inspiring meeting. Women sang at it, women were present, and women took active part in it. The subject assigned was "What Christ is Doing for the Nations." The music was rendered by a chorus of 300 under the leadership of Tailiesen Morgan.

The Rev. Dr. John G. Paton, of the New Hebrides, the first speaker, said that never since the beginning of mission work had the outlook been so promising as to-day. "In the South Sea Islands," he said, "everything is in a state of transition. We now have in the islands 18,000 converts, 3000 church members and 300 native teach-

now have in the islands 18,000 converts, 3000 church members and 300 native teachers and preachers. Help us to send the gospel to those who are still in darkness, of whom there are more than 40,000."

An instance to which the speaker alluded in order to show the reality of cannabalism was that of a friendly chief, who had intervened in time to save the missionary from a fate that would have neverted by force.

of the Ecumenical Conference were remarkably successful from every point of view. They were well attended, the speakers were eloquent and full of their subject, the audiences were sympathetic and demonstrative, and every meeting glowed with enthusiasm from beginning to end.

The first full week of business sessions of the Ecumenical Conference was completed Saturday, with public interest still at such a pitch that Carnegie Hall was crowded to the doors and the Central Presbyterian Church, less than a block away, had only standing room left for the people who came late.

The day was Young People's Day, and the work of young people and the possibilities of evangelical work by them were discussed at meetings in the morning, afternoon and evening, not only in Carnegie Hall but in several churches as well. It was also a day of appeal. Appeals to young people and also to old to volunteer for ser-

HAWAIIAN BILL SIGNED

Provides For a Complete Form of Government For the Islands.

REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

The New Government Established When the President Signed the Bill-It Consists of a Governor, a Legislature and a Judiciary - Hawaii Will Have One Representative in Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special) .- The new Government of the Hawaiian Islands was established at 12.40 o'clock Monday, when the President signed the Hawalian Government bill.

The measure provides for a complete, form of government for the islands, with Governor and other executive officers, Legislature of two branches, and a judisial branch, consisting of a Supreme Court. Circuit Courts, and inferior courts.

act a vote. This delegate is to be chosen at an election by the people.

It is provided that "the portion of the public domain heretofore known as Crown and is hereby declared to have been, on august 12, 1898, and prior thereto, the property of the Hawaiian Government, and to be free and clear from any trust of or concerning the same, and from all claim of any mature whatsoever, upon the rents, suces and profits thereof. It shall be sub-

The regulation of the traffic in alcoholic inquors is left to local option. The Chinese on the islands are given one year in which to obtain certificates of registration. The amount of lands to be held by a corporation is restricted to 1000 acres. Provision is also made, by which the laws of the United States in relation to seamen are exercised to Hamail

United States in relation to seamen are exended to Hawaii.
There is no tariff provision in the bill,
as the tariff laws of the United States are
extended over the islands, and the Territory of Hawaii is specifically made "a cuscoms district of the United States," with
ports of entry at Honolulu, Hilo, Mahukoas and Kabului.
When Hawaii was appected to this coun-When Hawaii was annexed to this coun-

by the President, it is to be assumed by the United States.

Becretary Gage will soon send money and Treasury agents to Hawall to exphange the Hawailan for the American surrency. It is understood that there is \$1,006,000 in minor coins in Hawail, which will have to be exchanged for currency of this country. The gold coin of Hawaii is practically all gold of this country, and will not have to be exchanged.

SYNDICATE" MILLER'S SENTENCE. Cen Years' Imprisonment For the 520

Per Cent. Man. NEW YORK CITY (Special) .- William F.

suppressed by the severest punishment ander the law. I am of the opinion that it should. Miller, the sentence of this Court is that you be confined in the State Prison at Sing Sing for a term of ten

Miller was dumbfounded. When he had recovered he said: "I never expected a sentence like that." He will have to serve only six and a half years if his conduct be good, as on a ten years' sentence three and one half years are deducted.

GENERAL WILSON'S WIFE KILLED. Fatally Burned in Her Carriage at Matan-

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable). -Mrs. Wilson, the wife of General J. H. Wilson, Military Governor of Matanzas Province, was so badly burned at Matanzas, while driving from her home to the General's office, that she died a short time afterward. The accident was caused by a match that was lying on the bottom of the carriage. It is supposed that Mrs. Wilson stepped on it, whereupon her dress took fire.

Mrs. Wilson and her daughter left home at 10 o'clock dressed in thin, light cloth-ing, suitable to the climate. When near General Wilson's headquarters the match was ignited and within a few seconds Mrs. Wilson was enveloped in flames. Before any one could assist her she was dreadfully burned about the face and body. was taken to her home where, after suffering intense agony, she died at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Miss Wilson escaped with-

When the news of this event was re-ceived in Havana there was general sor-row. General Wilson is very popular with the Cubans and they were deeply grieved the following and they were deeply grieved over his affliction. Governor-General Wood telegraphed his condolences at once.

PRO-BOER RESOLUTION SHELVED. The Senate Declines to Take Up Petti-

full success of their determined contest for liberty." The motion was defeated— yeas, 20; nays, 29. The vote was as fol-lows:

Yeas-Allen, Bate, Berry, Chandler, Clay, Hale, Harris, Heitle'd, Moar, Jones (Dem., Ark.), Kenney, McCumber, McEnery, Martin, Mason, Pettigrew, Ross, Teller, Turner and Vest -20.

Platr (Rep., Conn.), Platt (Rep., New York). Sewell, Shoup, Stewart, Sullivan, Warren and Wolcott—29.

Filipines Besieged Small Force in Samar Island-Relieved by Major Gilmore.

Manila (By Cable) .- Major Gilmore, of the Forty-third Volunteers, reports from Calbayon, Samar, that a detachment of his battalion was besieged by insurgents at Catubig for five days, losing nineteen killed and two wounded. Word of the position of the detachment finally reached Major Glimore, who made a forced march, relieved the besieged force and scattered the insurgents.

The National Game.

Flaherty is showing the best form of all the young Pittsburg twirlers. It has been a long time since the National auspicious season.

made a fatal mistake in abolishing the double umpire system.

Manager Clark has definitely placed Ely at Pittsburg's short field, relegating Leach

Yale has lost her best pitcher. C. P. Cook is back in his studies and the faculty will not allow him to play.

PROMINENT DELEGATES AT THE ECUMENICAL CONFERENCE. Mrs. Alice G. Gullek, I.ev. A. Sutherland, Cannon W. J. Edmonds.

Miss Silavarati Singh. Mrs. S. B. Capron. Rev. Wm. Ashmore. Brahmin, but I sometimes think that God has a tenderer love for the common people. I can only say that to know Him is life everlasting and not to know Him is life everlasting and not to know Him is death everlasting. I we beseen you to send not that life—abundant life.

Mr. Condo of span said that thirry years ago there was a law probibiting Christianity in Japan, but now there are more than 50,000 servants of the true God in that country.

Panarams Bai, daughter of Pundita Rama Bai, was loudly theered when it was announced that the was spokeswoman for rice in the missionary field in order to ring about the evangelizing of the world n the present generation, something that was declared to be possible if people would rolunteer for service of that kind as they rolunteer for service in their country's ause in time of war.
Two mass meetings in connection with he Ecumenical Cenference on Foreign

ilissions were held at Carnegie Hall Sun-lay, one in the afternoon, the other in the At the first, a meeting for men, held uner the auspices of the Young Men's Christ announced that she s snokeswoman for announced that she was spokes woman for the child widows of India. To bring the actuality of child widows home to the audience, Tunga Bal, a child widow, was introduced. She d.d not make a speech, an Association, prominent leaders in for-sign lands told of "What Christ Is Doing for the Nations." A picturesque note was mparted to the proceedings by the presonce of converts from India and the Far

ry Foothridge.

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however.

Fang E. Mung, of Canton; Miss Norrie, of Burmah; Miss Sanor Ramabi, of India, and Miss Tungabi also made, short ad-East in their native costumes, who ad-iressed the great audience directly in English or through the medium of an inerproter.
The evening meeting was in the interest of famine sufferers in India. It resulted in \$1.667.71 being contributed to be used by DISASTER AT PARIS EXPOSITION. Med by the Colapse of a

beneath it.

sections had to be

and the concrete be tore the victims of body of a little of

A man and his wife vego at the bridge with their children heard the structure cradit and

under it. Their parents it were crushed to death un

mass of iron and concret stood crying for their par-

t the bridge was indescr

Relief For Canadian

nan led them away.
Firemen and soldie

nomed and proces ruins to recover the living

ruins.

The footby to the arbit an ex-

the missionaries in emergency cases Morever, a local committee was appointed Nine Persons o solicit and receive subscriptions On Monday the relation of medical to the exposition mission work. Christian literature, hospitals, and dispensaries, educational phil-inthropic work, literary work, mission of nine pers injured, nine iterature for home churches, and the porary footbel of its own w

iterature for home churches, and the siduor traffic were the subjects considered at as many meetings.

At Carnegle Hall Saturday morning the Rev. Charles Cuthbert Hall, president of the Union Theological Seminary of New York City, spoke on "How to fire the romen of the future ministry with sionary passion and make them missionary churches." He said that the problem of the divinity school was now that passes through the school as how that passes through the school icclared that the study of missions to the rank of a theological plane.

Rev. Charles Williams.

tev. Jacob Chamberlain.

H. C. Duncan, chairman of the Volunteer Missionary Union, deself largely to the history of the with which he is identified, and there was now 1720 studen inteered for the work in f

the missionary spirit among the young on and women.

men and women.

The last speech of the afternoon was by John Willis Baer, of the Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor. He declared that the line but wen the young and the old in the church should be wiped out and that there should be co-operation.

The evaning meeting at Carnegie Hall was also in charge of the young people. In speaking of the responsibility of the church, the Rev. Dr. W. -F. McDowell, former Chancellor of the University of Denver, and that "pretty soon it will not

former Chancellor of the University of Denver, said that "pretty soon it will not be respectable for a strong charge to support only its own minister. It must also support, as its regular duty, a minister to some foreign church."

John R. Mott, general Socrotary of the World's Student Christian Paderation, rocks on the avagalization of the strong strong strong services. spoke on the evangelization of the world

Three Bridgemen Fall to Their Death. The fall of a holsting engine and cran from an overhead bridge work late Main street, at Richmond, Va., resulted in the death of three mon and the injury of three others. The dead are Waiter S. Plock, of Philadelphia George B. Dower, of Hall-fax, Ponn., and Harry Marzolf, of Harris-burg, Penn. Of the injured Arthur L.

President Returns to Washington President and Mrs. McKinley arrived in Washington from Janton, where they had made a visit to their home.

The Labor World.
Eight thousand miners have gone on strike at Santa Paulina, near Santander, Eighty Russian and Galletan laborers

een declared off, a compromise having been reached. A strike involving 2000 Japanese labor-

The miners at Brazie, Ind., have voted to decept the operators proposition with semi-monthly payment of wages. A contract for a year was signed. Over 3000 of France, as it was recently upon Ger-

Gold Discoveries in Japan. The discovery of gold in Nokkaido, the northermost of the main islands of Japan is assuming more importance. The tota length of the river heds containing gold dust is estimated at 3500 miles, and the total productive area at 1,750,000 acres No gets weighing over half a pound have been found. 66,869 Royalists Left in Cuba.

There are 66,869 Spanish residents of Outs who have preserved their allegiance to the critical of Spain. Prominent People. ident Mckinley is fifty-seven years It is said that the Kalser will pay a visit

en Victoria early in August.

Senator Cockrell has bought an auto-

nobile and is taking long daily rides in it.

General Maximo Gomez has arrived at

Santo Domingo from Cuba and was given brilliant official reception. Senator Davis, of Minnesota, will be smong the speakers at the semi-centennial commencement at Oberlin College in

It also provides that Hawaii shall be represented in Congress by a delegate, who shall have a seat in the House of Representatives, with a right to debate, but not a vote. This delegate is to be chosen at an election by the recent

ect to allenation and other uses as may be provided by law."

The regulation of the traffic in alcoholic

try, it had a bonded debt of about \$4,000,-100, drawing a heavy rate of interest. This lebt still exists, but under the act signed by the President, it is to be assumed by the

Miller, who ran the Franklin syndicate, the greatest financial swindle of modern times, was arraigned in the County Court, Brookwas arraigned in the County Court, Brookiyn, before Judge Hurd, who sentenced him
to Sing Sing Prison for ten years. When
Miller was arraigned his counsel, Frederick
B. House, called attention to the fact that
the case had no parallel in criminal law
and requested clemency for him.
"It is true," said Judge Hurd, "that
covel questions have been presented here,
and I am of the opinion that the only way
men'of this character can be reached is by
indictments for larcency. It is a grave
question whether or not an enterprise like
the one this man carried on ought to be
suppressed by the severest punishment

zas, Cuba.

out injury.
When the news of this event was re-

grew's Expression of Sympathy. Wishington, D. C. (Special) .- In the Senate Mr. Pettigrew moved to take up the resolution offered by him on February 2 last, expressing sympathy with the South African republics and "best hopes for the

And Vest 20.

Nays — Aldrich, Allison, Bard, Carter, Clark (Rep., Wyo.), Davis, Fairbanks, Foster, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Hawley, Joseph (Dem., Nev.), Kean, Lodge, McComas, Morgan, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Pettus, Money and supplies for the 12,000 per-sons made homeless by the fire in Ottawa and Hull, Canada, were sent in from al' parts of the Dominion.

KILLED NINETEEN AMERICANS.

First Baseman Lepine, late of Pawtucket, has signed with New Haven.

Baseball League entered upon such an It is apparent that the magnates have

to the substitute list.